

MODEL-BASED, EVENT-DRIVEN SCALABLE PROGRAMMING FOR THE MOBILE CLOUD

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Objectives

• Support mobile applications integrated with cloud computing.

• Current mobile cloud application development frameworks complicate user-level code.

• Our Goal: develop a framework to build mobile cloud applications.

Approach

The application data model is decomposed, and its set of events split in a controllable way among services that are units of concurrency. Example chat application:



The framework will:

- -simplify user-level code specification (*Sunny Programming Framework*); and
- -faciliate mobility and scalability (Actor implementation).

Actors for Scalability





Development and deployment concerns are separated into levels:



- Decentralized control, state encapsulation, location transparency, and mobility make actors suitable for implementing scalable systems.
- Example Actor Systems: LinkedIn, Twitter, Facebook Chat
- "...the actor model has worked really well for us, and we wouldn't have been able to pull that off in C++ or Java."

-Facebook Engineering

Cloud-based Web Programming Simplified

Developing web applications such as *chat* using *Sunny* requires only defining a data model (*records*) and client-server interactions (*events*):



Application Scalability

- Data model decomposition allows for scalable data storage.
- Events represented as client/server message exchanges at runtime.
- Concurrency and communication abstracted from *app* programmer.
- Distributing event processing among services represented as mobile actors allows scaling event throughput horizontally by adding more cloud servers.
- Mapping to services and compilation to actors enables trading availability for consistency.

ecord R	loom	{	
name:	Str	ing,	
member	S:	set	User,
msgs:	set	Msg	Г

record Msg {
 text: String,
 time: Timestamp,
 sender: User

event JoinRoom(r: Room,u: User)
on (not u in r.members) {
 r.members += u

event SendMsg(r: Room,m: Msg)
 on (m.sender in r.members) {
 r.msgs += m

Events can be augmented by *security policies* to prevent unauthorized data access, represented at runtime with low overhead.

• Strategies for actor placement on cloud servers to minimize communication can be inferred by observing communication patterns.

Current and Future Work

- Formalization of mapping to actors.
- Framework implementation.
- Evaluation of scalability for representative web applications.
- Tool support for modelling, testing and verification.